## Challenges and Security Strategies for Smart Grid Automation in Water Utilities

#### Peter Rus

**Enterprise Architect Process Automation** 



### AGENDA

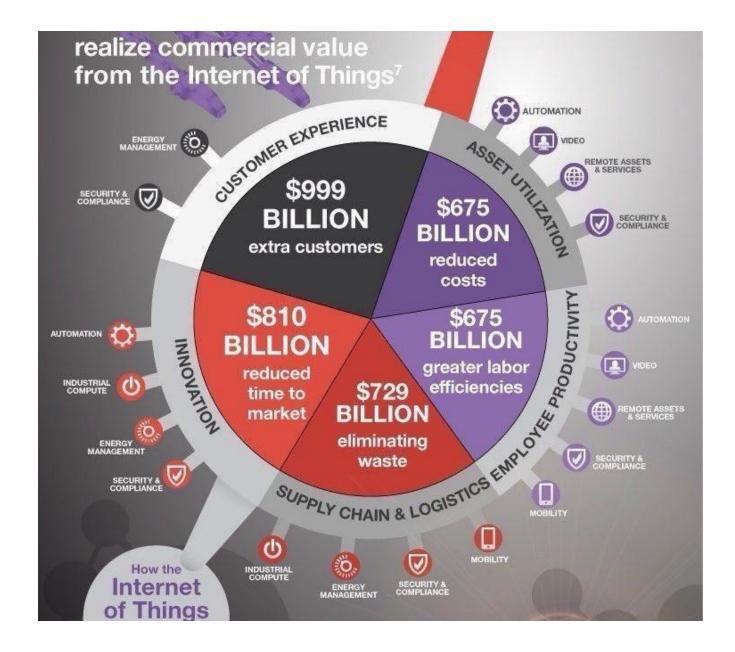
- CURRENT PROCESS VERSUS NEW INNOVATIONS
- THE BUSINES CASE (INDUSTRIAL) INTERNET OF THINGS (IIOT )
- WHAT YOU NEED TO ASK TO STAY INCONTROL
- HOW WRONG ASSUMPTIONS CAN HAMPER THE BUSINESS YOUR IN
- TECHNICAL REFERENCE MODEL



## NEED FOR CONTROL







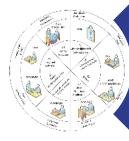


### **NEED FOR SPEED**



LAAT WATER VOOR JE WERKEN

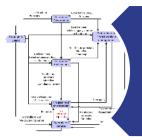
### **JUST ASK THREE QUESTIONS**



### DO WE UNDERSTAND WHAT CAN GO WRONG?



DO WE KNOW WHAT OUR SYSTEMS ARE TO PREVENT THIS FROM HAPPENING?



DO WE HAVE THE INFORMATION TO ASSURE US THESE SYSTEMS ARE WORKING EFFECTIVELY?

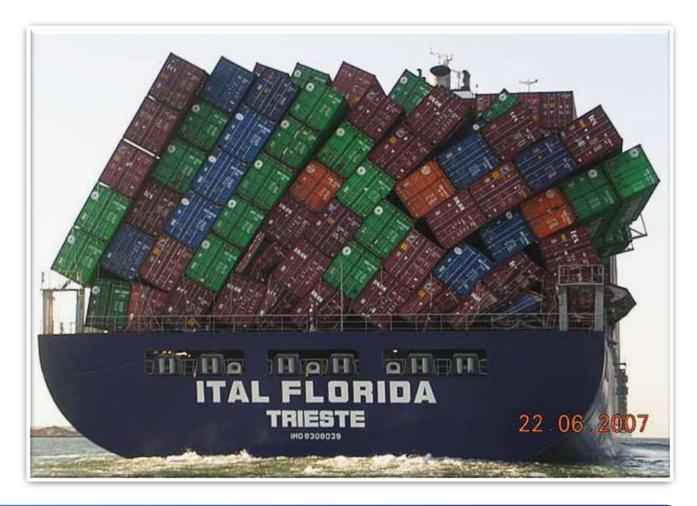


### **WRONG DESIGN - SPEEDTANKER?**



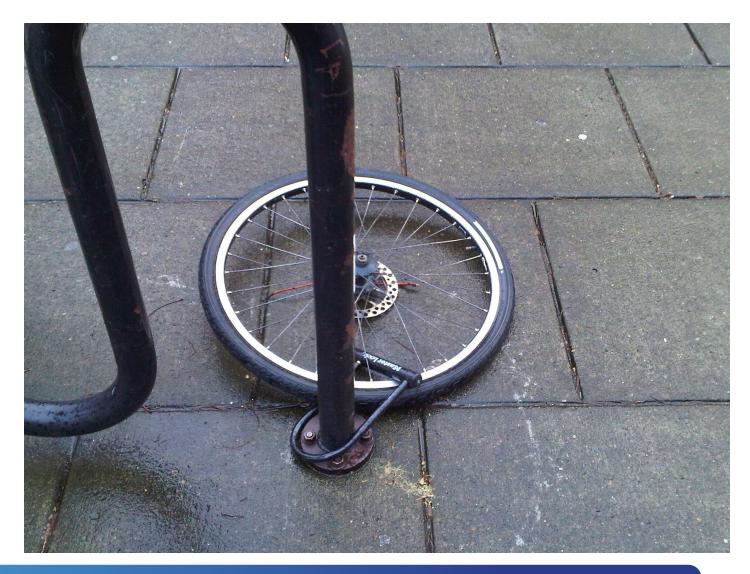


### WRONG ASSUMPTIONS





### WRONG FOCUS ON COMMUNICATION MECHANISMS





### **TECHNICAL REFERENCE MODEL**

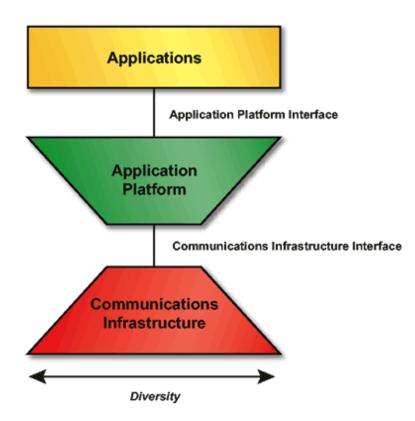
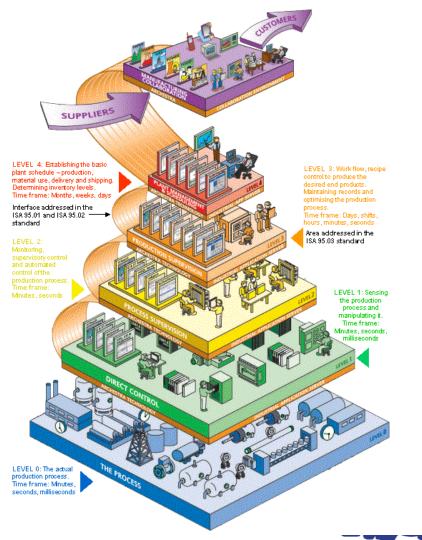


Figure: Technical Reference Model - High-Level View





### WHY SPEED? INNOVATION AND CONNECTED DEVICES



Serious Gaming using Critical Infrastructures tool and Delft3D FM in combination with the HoloLens

#### OpenDroneMap



#### What is it?

OpenDroneMap is an open source toolkit for processing aerial drone imagery. Typical drones use simple point-and-shoot cameras, so the images from drones, while from a different perspective, are similar to any pictures taken from point-and-shoot cameras, i.e. non-metric imagery. OpenDroneMap turns those simple images into three dimensional geographic data that can be used in combination with other geographic datasets.



### WHY CONTROL? DIGITAL THREATS AND REAL OUTCOMES





### **AIRGAPPED SYSTEMS-NO SUCH THING**

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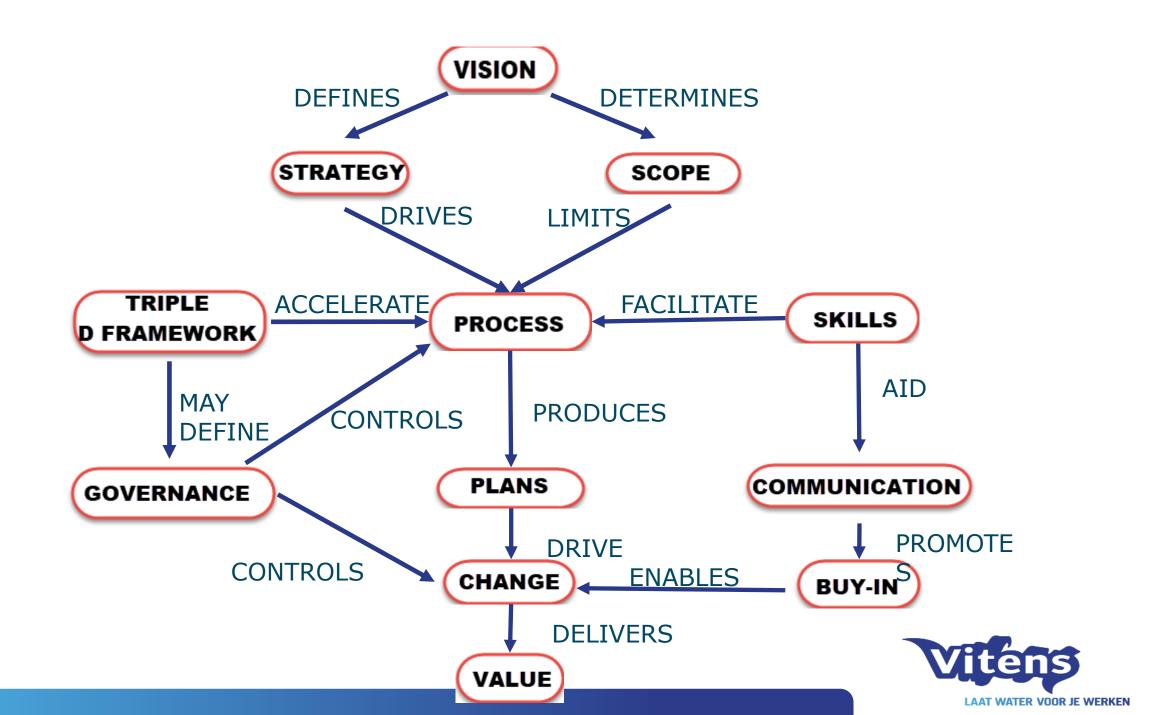
### Infrared signals in surveillance cameras let malware jump network air gaps

aIR-Jumper weaves passwords and crypto keys into infrared signals.

DAN GOODIN - 9/19/2017, 4:39 PM

The proof-of-concept malware uses connected surveillance cameras to bridge such airgaps. Instead of trying to use the Internet to reach attacker-controlled servers, the malware weaves passwords, cryptographic keys, and other types of data into infrared signals and uses a camera's built-in infrared lights to transmit them. A nearby attacker then records the signals with a video camera and later decodes embedded secrets. The same nearby attackers can embed data into infrared signals and beam them to an infected camera, where they're intercepted and decoded by the network malware. The covert channel works best when attackers have a direct line of sight to the video camera, but non-line-of-sight communication is also possible in some cases.

LAAT WATER VOOR JE WERKEN

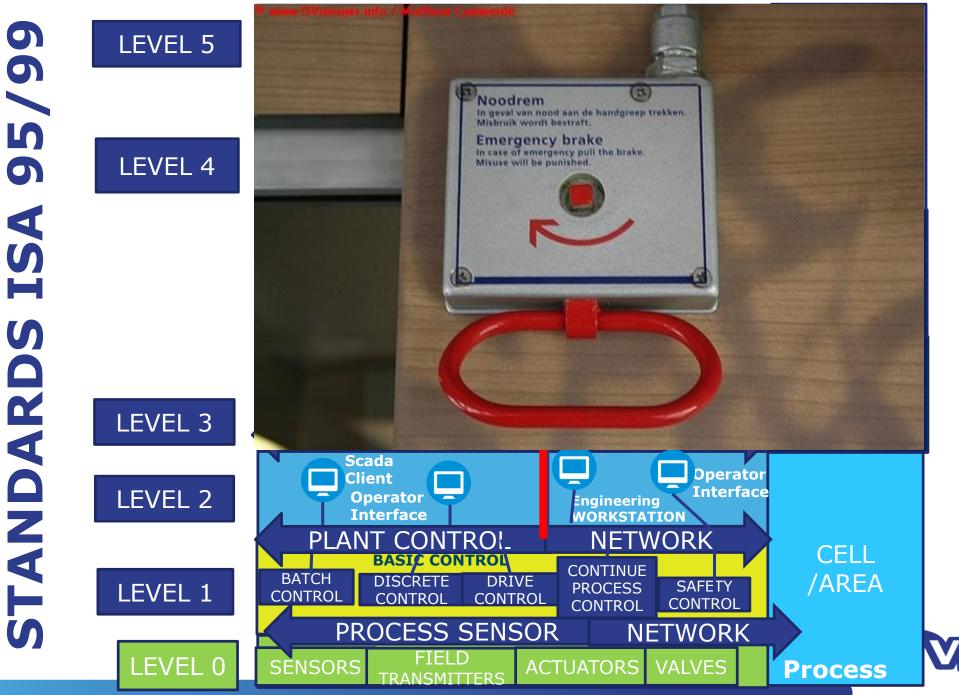




### SIMPLE

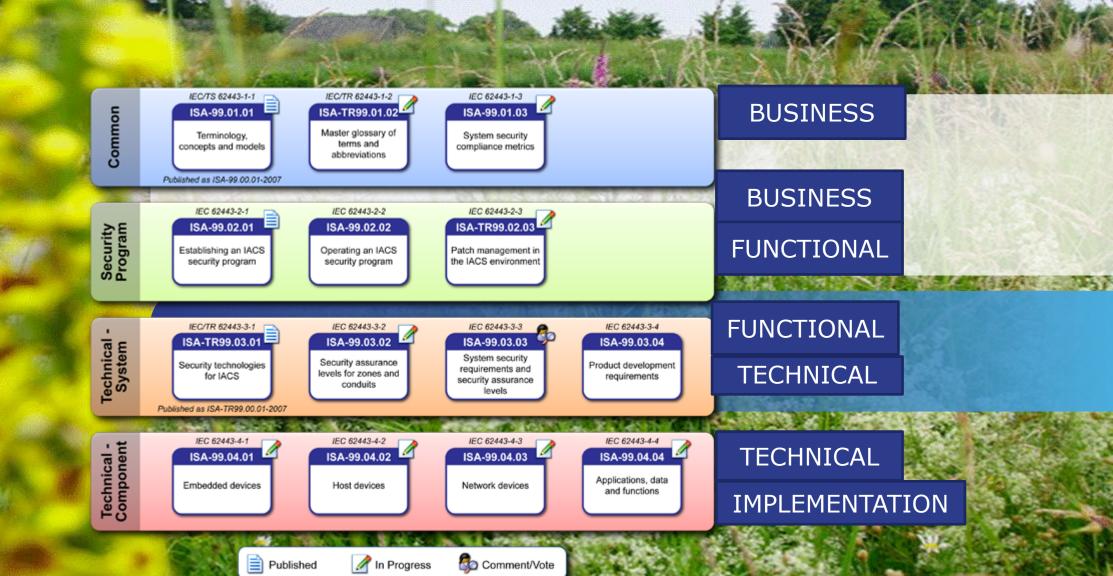
the contract

BUSINESS VIEW-Answers the question: Why are we doing this? FUNCTIONAL VIEW-Answers the questions : What would the solution need to do TECHNICAL VIEW-Answers the question how should the solution be working ? IMPLEMENTATION VIEW-Answers the question –with what should the solution be build with ?









# WHAT IT WILL LOOK LIKE? **CYBER ARC** FLEXIBLE SECURE BY DESIGN ROBUST



### DON'T BUY A CAT IN THE BAG -ARCHITECTURE FIRST – THEN INNOVATE



The pessimist sees difficulty in every opportunity



The optimist sees the opportunity in every difficulty.

WINSTON CHURCHILL



# **QUESTIONS?**



